INTERNATIONAL INSTITUTE FOR AFRICAN SCHOLARS



SPECIAL INTEREST

- Making AfricaGreat
- Identifying Resources
- Repositioning
 Strategic
 Human
 Resource
- Highlighting
 Africa
- Growing Talents

INSIDE THIS ISSUE:

AOC On The Move	ľ
Improving Wellbeing	2
Homeland Security	3
Anti-Corruption	3
Ageing Well	4
Maintenance Culture	5
Gender-based Violence	5
Africanization	

Maintenance

Gender-Based

Culture

Violence

AFRICAN SCHOLARS DIGEST



Advertise In This Magazine! Contact asd@iiasglobal.net

VOLUME 3, ISSUE 5

MAY 7 2023

African Orientation Council On The Move!

Setting Africa Up For Growth

LEADERSHIP EXCELLENCE: EMPOWERING THE NEXT GENERA-TION OF AFRICAN LEADERS

- Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

A major reason for the socio-economic and political woes of Africa is the phenomenon of corruption and lack of patriotism. For instance, in Nigeria, this situation presents a paradox of sorts. The challenge of managing ethno-religious diversity and prolonged militarised approach left a legacy of unhealthy inter-Group relations and a culture of impunity.



Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu Coordinator, AOC

The pockets of violence suggest that the tension generated by secessionist agitation among religious and ethnic groups has escalated violence in many communities. no nation can make meaningful progress without experiencing patriotic, visionary and selfless political leadership. This is because national development has always been an outcome of good leadership. To attain an effective level of democratic governance with the values of transparency, accountability, equity, justice, responsiveness, participation, and rule of law, the need to educate the youth on good governance is paramount. This requires helping them to develop the skills and confidence needed to succeed. This in turn will encourage an organized transition from one generation to another. Research has shown that young people have actively sought to bring social, political and economic change to their countries and Nigerian youth cannot be an exemption. Youth participation in Nigeria has become such a powerful idea with calls at different quarters for the political leadership of the country to be handed over to young people. The question is: How prepared and exposed are the Nigerian youth for leadership? It is not enough to clamour that power be handed over to the youth, conscious effort should be made to equip them for the task ahead. Development of leadership skills and confidence is the sine qua non for growing and sustaining societies thus, the importance of an indepth leadership training program for the Nigerian youth cannot be overemphasized.

Join IIAS Today - https://iiasglobal.net

IMPROVING WELL-BEING, PERFORMANCE & PRODUCTIVITY OF STUDENTS & YOUTHS THROUGH THE INTEGRATIVE LIFESTYLE -

Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

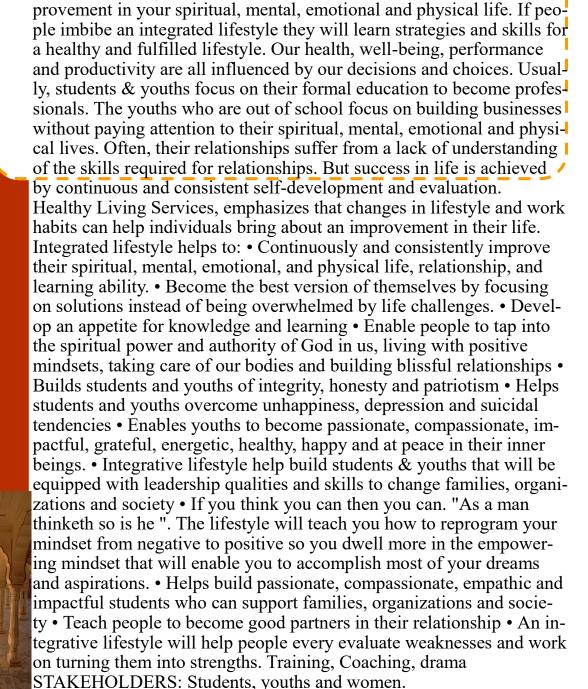
A collaboration with Healthy Living Services Nig Ltd - A Health Enhancement & Integrative Care Company powered by Dr Ifeyinwa Nyamwezi. Integrative Life Style is continuous and consistent Im-



IIAS

If you are a scholar of African descent, **IIAS** is your premium platform. Decide right now to become visible on your continent. Otherwise, others will come from afar to lead you.

IIAS is the way! Walk Ye In it!



AFRICAN SCHOLARS DIGEST

Become a Member - https://iiasglobal.net

BASIC HOMELAND SECURITY, DISASTER MANAGEMENT AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT - Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

Insecurity in Nigeria has recently assumed an alarming rate affecting every facet of Nigerian life with no end in sight. Although, insecurity is not a problem that is unique only to Nigeria because other nations also face the challenge. However, the main point of departure is the way the social menace is managed. Unarguably, insecurity has heightened leading to severe unimaginable social consequences which has blighted the socio-economic sphere of Africa. Constraints to peace and security can be stemmed because violence is not inevitable and so intractable that it cannot be overcome by human determination. Violence is often preventable and we have the responsible for containing asymmetric insecurity. Intended to enlighten participants on Disaster Management and emergency preparedness efforts in Nigeria. This will go a long way in broadening the understanding of participants in the context of Disaster/Emergency Management.

STAKEHOLDERS/ PARTICIPANTS:

- Homeland Security
- Customs Service (CS)
- Federal Road Safety Commission (FRSC)
- Immigration Service (IS)
- Security and Civil Defence Corps (SCDC)
- Correctional Service (CoS)
- WAI Brigade (NOA)

ANTI-CORRUPTION CAMPAIGN: "NO DEY GIVE BRIBE; FOLLOW RULES"--Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

A collaboration with Youth & Students Advocates For Development (YSAD). The campaign was focused not just on the law enforcement agencies who extort citizens with impunity but on the unlawful behaviours of motorists. There is widespread extortion of road users in Nigeria by the personnel of Nigeria. Police Force and other law enforcement agencies. This has been going on with impunity for decades and for most road users, it is something they have learnt to live with. Regrettably, successive governments in Nigeria have not given it the attention it deserves. The reason for the nonchalant attitude of the Federal Government of Nigeria is connected with their apparent lack of interest towards the welfare of the police personnel and the operational needs of the force. At the moment, most Nigerians are bystanders in a way that they are on the side of the police and other law enforcement agents just because they want to move. Passengers are pushing commercial drivers to pay the bribes same way as drivers who pay encourage others to pay since they are not following the rules. Nigerian citizens are not giving this social menace the attention it requires and this is what the project wants to address. We propose to raise citizens' awareness of the menace of extortion by law enforcement agents; galvanize citizens to move from bystanders to activists against extortion of road users. The project will eventually lead to conversations and discussions among various stakeholders to address the current situation.

Stakeholders: Security Agencies, Road transport organisations, media agencies.

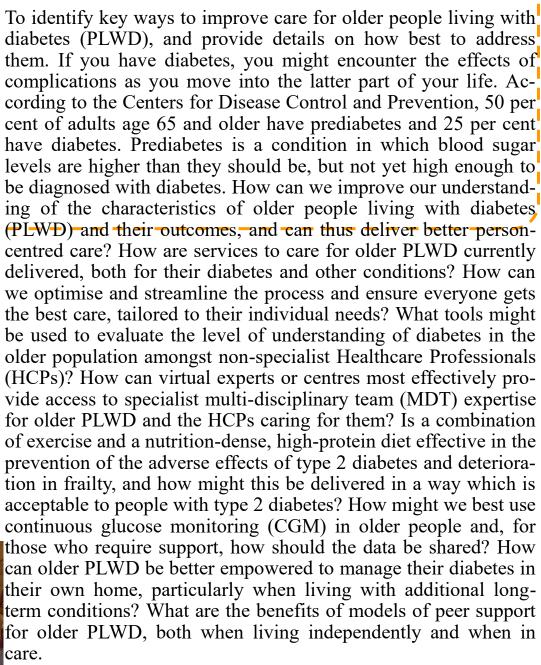
Ethiopia
lived out
the true
meaning of
its position
on the
continent
of
Africa...,
speaking
of

leadership?

Has

AGEING WELL WITH DIABETES: A WORKSHOP TO CO-DESIGN RECOMMENDATIONS FOR IMPROVING THE DIABETES CARE OF OLDER PEOPLE

- Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS



STAKEHOLDERS: PLWD, Older Citizens, Doctors, Nurses

Become a Member - https://iiasglobal.net



IIAS

If you are a scholar of African descent,
IIAS is your premium platform.
Decide right now to become visible on your continent.
Otherwise, others will come from afar to lead you.

IIAS
is the
way!
Walk Ye
In it!

MAINTENANCE CULTURE AND INFRASTRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT - Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

A collaboration with NDDC on Infrastructural development is the basis and bedrock of development effort in the Nigeria today. It is important to stress that, it is not enough for facilities of development to be put in place; it is more than enough for these facilities to be adequately and properly maintained so that 6 the purpose for which they are meant would be accomplished. However, the attitude of people towards public facilities is that of government property that do not belong to anybody (Adeleye, 2009). To this extent facilities that were meant to benefit the masses are just rotting away, being vandalised and wasted without being put to any good use as people are not interested in making such facilities sustainable. The result therefore, is that public facilities are not sustainable due to lack of maintenance and vandalisation. This shows that without a strong maintenance culture, infrastructural development will amount to nothing. On personal levels, we must imbibe maintenance culture in order to enjoy the best value for our money, or us to enjoy the best of life, for how well we use and enjoy our buildings, machines, cars, household equipment, furniture and all other personal and public physical assets and indeed our bodies is dependent on how well we have imbibed the culture of maintenance". To look into the issue of education on maintenance culture as it could lead to development of our communities.

STAKEHOLDERS: NDDC, FEMA, Heads of MDAs, etc.

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE: MITIGATING THE IMPACT OF 'BABY FACTORY' ON WOMEN AND YOUNG GIRLS IN AFRICA - Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

This project is aimed at raising public awareness of the social menace of 'baby factories' and child trafficking in Nigeria. Law enforcement agencies in Nigeria have been in the news for raiding baby factories and nabbing masterminds of child trafficking. Victims are subjected to sexual exploitation resulting in torture and psychological trauma. Baby factories are involved in exploitation particularly the incarceration of girls and young women for procreation. Victims are confined, impregnated and kept until they deliver their babies. Upon delivery, the babies are taken from them and sold. While some girls approach these baby factories on their own, others are abducted and forced into procreation. 42.5% youth unemployment in Nigeria, many young girls are at risk of falling victim. Operators of these baby factories recruit teenage boys and young men for luring unsuspecting girls into the locations and forcefully impregnate them. Social media engagements; radio shows, workshops and townhall meetings; Advocacy.

STAKEHOLDERS: Teenage girls and young women aged 14-30; teenage boys and young men aged 15-30. Parents; teachers; law enforcement agencies and other government agencies such as National Orientation Agency; National Human Rights Commission; Religious Leaders; Community Leaders etc.

Has
Ethiopia
lived out
the true
meaning of
its position
on the
continent
of
Africa...,
speaking
of
leadership?

PAGE 6



IIAS

If you are a scholar of African descent,
IIAS is your premium platform.
Decide right now to become visible on your continent.
Otherwise, others will come from afar to lead you.

is the way!
Walk Ye
In it!

AFRICANIZING THE WAYS OF THE PEOPLE

- Promise Nwosu (African Youth Ambassador)

I have always been a crusader of total emancipation of Africans from the whims and caprices of Whites.

Unfortunately, our African leaders who have so myopically tied their relevance and acceptability and loyalty to some Western affinity still swim in foreign subjugation. In Nigeria, for instance, all identification have been removed from school curric I remember, in the 1980s, most Nigerian universities taught and graduated students in Nigeria languages. It a pity today that Nigerian languages are going extinct as most Nigerian children currently neither speak nor write their mother tongue, even in the villages. Speaking the English language is now seen as a status symbol.

Because the Whites still want to continually subjugate Africans, they will do everything possible to undermine African ways. China decided to take their destiny in their own hands when they decided to over throw their lords rejecting everything foreign including languages. Today, they are better. Africans should know that there is no complete technology transfer. Thus, "from the days of John the Baptist the kingdom surfereth violence, and the violent taketh it by force." We should not wait until the Whites tell us to translate the science books into our native languages. They will not do that. They didn't stop Bishop Ajayi Crowded from translating the Bible into the Yoruba language because it was a gain to them, it further helped dogmatise the people to believing in the Whiteman's doctrine of total obedience to the Whiteman.

Noting the effect of possible accelerated knowledge increase, they succeeded in brainwashing our leaders into expunging different African languages from the school curricula. The time is now for the Africans to wise up.

Become a Member - https://iiasglobal.net

MAINTENANCE CULTURE AND INFRASTRUCTURAL DEVELOPMENT - Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

A collaboration with NDDC on Infrastructural development is the basis and bedrock of development effort in the Nigeria today. It is important to stress that, it is not enough for facilities of development to be put in place; it is more than enough for these facilities to be adequately and properly maintained so that 6 the purpose for which they are meant would be accomplished. However, the attitude of people towards public facilities is that of government property that do not belong to anybody (Adeleye, 2009). To this extent facilities that were meant to benefit the masses are just rotting away, being vandalised and wasted without being put to any good use as people are not interested in making such facilities sustainable. The result therefore, is that public facilities are not sustainable due to lack of maintenance and vandalisation. This shows that without a strong maintenance culture, infrastructural development will amount to nothing. On personal levels, we must imbibe maintenance culture in order to enjoy the best value for our money, or us to enjoy the best of life, for how well we use and enjoy our buildings, machines, cars, household equipment, furniture and all other personal and public physical assets and indeed our bodies is dependent on how well we have imbibed the culture of maintenance". To look into the issue of education on maintenance culture as it could lead to development of our communities.

STAKEHOLDERS: NDDC, FEMA, Heads of MDAs, etc.

GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE: MITIGATING THE IMPACT OF 'BABY FACTORY' ON WOMEN AND YOUNG GIRLS IN AFRICA - Dr. Ngozi Okechukwu, FIIAS

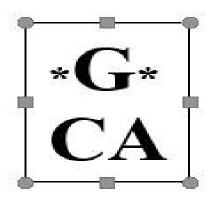
This project is aimed at raising public awareness of the social menace of 'baby factories' and child trafficking in Nigeria. Law enforcement agencies in Nigeria have been in the news for raiding baby factories and nabbing masterminds of child trafficking. Victims are subjected to sexual exploitation resulting in torture and psychological trauma. Baby factories are involved in exploitation particularly the incarceration of girls and young women for procreation. Victims are confined, impregnated and kept until they deliver their babies. Upon delivery, the babies are taken from them and sold. While some girls approach these baby factories on their own, others are abducted and forced into procreation. 42.5% youth unemployment in Nigeria, many young girls are at risk of falling victim. Operators of these baby factories recruit teenage boys and young men for luring unsuspecting girls into the locations and forcefully impregnate them. Social media engagements; radio shows, workshops and townhall meetings; Advocacy.

STAKEHOLDERS: Teenage girls and young women aged 14-30; teenage boys and young men aged 15-30. Parents; teachers; law enforcement agencies and other government agencies such as National Orientation Agency; National Human Rights Commission; Religious Leaders; Community Leaders etc.

Has
Ethiopia
lived out
the true
meaning of
its position
on the
continent
of
Africa...,
speaking
of
leadership?

The IIAS Playground



















JOIN IIAS TODAY! BECOME A MEMBER

https://iiasglobal.net/contact/ https://iiasglobal.net